This paper argues the discourse of equal gender responsibilities on the concerns of reproductive rights and its related issues, such as child-care and good "fathering". The current rhetoric that deals with "family planning" in developing countries is disrespectful of women.

Problems such as: a woman dies every about three minutes from unsafe abortion, are also addressed. In three short decades, the prevalence of contraceptive use has risen from about 10% to over 50% in developing countries. In India, contraceptive prevalence is about 47%.

The basis of this article's direction can be clearly illustrated in this paragraph: "...Our task calls for eliminating gender inequalities in schooling and the marketplace; it calls for a reduction in unproductive domestic labor; it calls for a far more equitable distribution of responsibilities in the family, especially with regard to the care of children."